INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

In what follows, I will present a Proficiency based short project for each mode of communication. Each of one has its own objectives and can-do statements. Since I am currently teaching English as a second language, I have decided to plan my lesson for these specific classroom.

The pupils I have planned the activity for are intermediate level, 10/11 years old specifically.

OBJECTIVES: to get to know Canada culture, to review and recicle previous grammar, to learn vocabulary and culture and social interaction.

INTERPRETIVE MODE	OBJECTIVES	CAN DO STATEMENTS
Reading	- To learn about cultural diversity.	- I can say in which country is
Read a text about cultural diversity in society. The narrator is a boy/ girl with similar age as my pupils.	- To promote reading habits and	Toronto located.
- Activities to work with the text:	cursiosity through cultural	- I know the flag of Canada.
1. Arise motivation In order to invest children in learning and motivate them, I will firstly show them a	diversity.	- I have a positive attitude
picture of the text (two simply picture of people talking with their flags). Then, I	- To show a possitive and	towards diferences in society.
will make them to infer the content of the text and try to guess what is about.	respectful attitude towards cultural	
2. Pre- teach some key words first with running dictation.	diversity and diferences between	
Divided into groups, one of each will come to my table and they will have to remember one key word (for example:	customs or the use of language.	
- improve, available, skills, enjoy	- To learn new vocabulary related	- I can explain the meaning of
Then, they will run into their groups and spell the secret word. I will repeat this activity with words more as much. Prizes will be given to the best team in writing.	to social interactions.	the word "enjoy" and make a
		sentence with it.
3. Reading: One person will read first while others listen. We want them to pay attention and		- I can explain the meaning of
focus on the spoken language. After that, the pupils will be given the text and will	- To review the alphabet and	the word "improve" and make
read it individually. 4. Present the meaning of the new words using the 7 steps of vocabulary	spelling.	a sentence with "I want to
I will use the words used during the first game, and I will present 3 or 4 as much.	- To learn new languages structures	improve" structure.
5. Focus on one specific part and share information with your classmates.	to say things that I like: "I enjoy	- I can explain the meaning of
In the same groups the have played <i>running dictation</i> , now each member will be	+ verb with ING"	the word "available".
given one number. Each "number" will have to focus their attention on one aspect in order to get as much information as possible about it.		- I can make at least two

INTERPRETIVE MODE	OBJECTIVES	CAN DO STATEMENTS
Later, in new groups they will tell them the information they have manage to gather.		sentences with "skill".
- 1: Places (Geography)	- To review the food and drinks.	- I can tell at least five drinks.
- 2: Adjectives related to personality.	- To review personality adjectives.	- I can tell three adjectives
- 3: Hobbies		describing me.
- 4: Food- 5: Details for the date (Fast- learners).	- To work with a team and have a	- I can work in a team and I am
	respectful attitude.	
6. Order the information The students will have to organize parts of the text, that I have previously cut out in		respectful with my mates.
strips.		
L.istening: watching a video	. To work on listening	- I can say three different
Since they have Intermediate level, they are supossed to understand the main idea of	comprenhesion.	interesting monuments or
the audio they listen. 1. Pre- teach some key words first	- To learn more about english	buildings from Toronto.
In order to do so, I will use some flashcards. I will work a little bit in its	speaking countries cultures	- I can say the name of the
pronunciation and I will make them to repeat. I will link the works to specific movements to to help them to remember.	(Canada) and customs.	
2. Play just the end/ begining of the video, only audio:		biggest waterfall of the world,
I will encourage them to say as many words as possible that may be related to the	- To reinforce geography through	which is in Canada.
video they are about to watch. I would like to arise expectation and motivate them.	english.	- I can tell three things to do in
3. Watch the whole of video with audio and images	- To arise motivation about english	Canada.
4. Working with manipulatives:	speaking countries.	- I can tell the name of three
The children will have to check all the words they here by placing a small button on	- To show a possitive and	foods taht appear in the video.
the picture of the object. I will give each couple a worksheep with some pictures and some words from the text appearr.	respectful attitude towards cultural	- I can say the name of two
5. Sorting information	diversity and diferences between	animals that appear in the
After that, the same couples have to number the pictures/words in order.		
6. Cloze exercise: The pupils will do a worksheet with some gaps to fill with known words. They will	customs or the use of language.	video.
be given a word bank. The audio will be played one more time.	- To review food, sports, animals	- I can tell which country is
Extension activity	and public buildings.	next to Canada.
In case there is spare time, children can answer comprehension questions on a worksheet. It could also be used for fast-learners.		
worksheet. It could also be used for fast- reafficis.		

INTERPRETIVE MODE	OBJECTIVES	CAN DO STATEMENTS
Find your twin could be an active and motivational alternative:		
CULTURE 1 - Write your favourite spanish food, your favorite spanish		
food and your favorite spanish celebration.		
CULTURE 2 (Alternative) – Choose your favorite continent, your		
favorite country and your favorite festivity.		

INTERPRETIVE MATERIALS

Reading: text: http://www.lingobongo.com/barcelona/advert 9319.html / http://www.lingobongo.com/barcelona/advert 8197.html

Hi, I'm Kristen. I am 27 years old and I am from Toronto,

Canada. You're lucky because I am an English teacher.

I am interested in improving my very low level Spanish

speaking. I am in Spanish A2 course and would like to improve my conversation skills.

We could do this over a juice, a tea or a coffee. I'm available most days before three or after 9.

I enjoy cooking, yoga and reading in the park. I am open minded, creative and calm.

Please contact me via e-mail or whatsapp, cheers! :-)



previous

1. <u>2. Listening: LINK: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aHWxPTH9f0w</u> – Short Turist guide

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cotGh4Lu29M - Commercial (extension if needed)

PRESENTATIONAL MODE	OBJECTIVES	CAN DO STATEMENTS
	- To summarize information and put it in a chart.	- I can tell three different facts
1. Doing posters/ adverts: The pupils will be given a little model and they will do a little	- To use second language as targeted and convey	about three citizens from a
adverts in posters about different nationalities. They will work in	language.	different country (from mine).

PRESENTATIONAL MODE	OBJECTIVES	CAN DO STATEMENTS
groups, mainly in couples.	- To show a possitive and respectful attitude towards	
In order to help them to do a wide variety of adverts, different nationalities from the classroom will be used and even the example	cultural diversity and diferences between customs.	
of the reading text from language exchange used previously. It will	- To research about specfic information related to	
be used as an example. When certain aspects are known, as for example the currency or	cultural diversity.	
language, they will have to investigate on their own.		

Name: Name: Kristen

Nationality: Nationality: canadian

Location (continent): Location (continent): America (north)

Language and level you have: (research) english and french, intermediate

Skills you would like to improve: Skills you would like to improve: speaking skills

When are you available: When are you available: before three and after nine.

Typical food: Typical food: (research)

Currency: (research)

Celebration and festivities: Celebration and festivities: (research)

Favorite animal: Favorite animal: moose

PRESENTATIONAL MODE	OBJECTIVES	CAN DO STATEMENTS
2. Sentence construction:	- To build writing competence	-I can write about myself,
Once the posters have been done, the very next session I will start working at sentence level, encourage them to make sentences and link them. They will be given	through cultural diversity.	describing my geographic
a model and it will be practiced several times, mby using of the projects, since they	- To write about yourself: location,	location.
provide us with a very good model to make sentences from.	capabilities, preferences	- I can say at least five
First chart (1)on the left might be a good model to practice with for the first time,	- To express nationality.	different countries and the
with the first poster. Nevertheless the level of difficulty should be increasing. The second chart on the rigth could be used for the second time and the blanks would be	- To get to know different cultures	continent in which they are

PRESENTATIONAL MODE	OBJECTIVES	CAN DO STATEMENTS
more little by little. This is just an example.	and its ways of life (currency,	located.
The sentences will be writen eventually on the blackboard and the teacher will correct	food, customs).	- I can tell at least five
them. The pupils may ask for clarification or feedback any time they need to, about	- To know different countries and	different languages.
something that has not been corrected for example. They will correct their mistakes in class and repeat the wrong sentences as	the continent in which they are	
homework.	located.	- I can write about the
Next sessions might be introduced more items, as typical clothes, the weather during	- To write about someonelse	languages I know.
different seasons in case children find the model easy. I will also introduce	nationality, procedence, culture	- I can use a variety
(reviewing) the third person of singular. They will practice the model (Chart 1 and 2) using the third person of singular. Sentence construction and possessives will be	- To reinforce the third person of	vocabulary related to culture
review first.	singular constructions.	and society.
These exercises will be done in class and children will have their execises corrected. Again, they will repeat the wrong sentences as homework.	- To show a possitive and	- I can write about myself,
	respectful attitude towards cultural	giving information about my
As for the final presentational writing, the pupils will do it individually in class, though they will be allowed to use their previous writing exercises. The chart 3	diversity and diferences between	country and customs.
	customs.	- I can write sentences
	- To research about specfic	describing someone's
	information related to cultural	nationality, procedence, likes,
	diversity.	culture

CHART 1		CHART 2	
1. My name is	and I live in	My name and I live	
2. I am from	, and my nationality is	, and my nationality	
3. It is in	(continent)	It	
4. * The climate here is	in	later (* The climate here is in	
5. I can speak		I can	

6. I want to learnand my level is	I want and my
7. I would like to improve	I would
8. Our currency ishere in	
9. A typical food from my country is	Afood from
10. In we celebrate	In
11. * We wear the our It has got	We
12. My favorite animal is	My favorite
13. I enjoy	I

FINAL PRESENTATION WRITING- CHART

1: OPTION A

Congratulations! You are the winner of a scholarship to Japan.

Next month you in Tokyo one year and you go to school there. You have got a host- family and they have got two children. Kazumi, the oldest one, wants to be your friend. He would like to know you better. He doesn't know Spain.

Tell him as much as you can about it!

Write him an email about: Where do you live (with geopraphical details)

Where is Spain and how is it climate

What can he eat here

How are our celebrations and parties and the typical clothes

Describe your likes and dislikes

What is your level of english and what are you interested in improving

OPTION B (fast finishers)

Imagine that you read an advert on the internet. You would like to **improve** your english and Kazumi wants to learn spanish. You read his advert but there is a problem and it is incomplete. The text is missing and you only have got these clues. Try to imagine his messsage. Write carefully his email with these clues.

Name: Kazumi

Nationality: japanese

Location (continent): Japan -?

Languages that he can speak: japanese and english.

Languages that he wants to learn: spanish

Level and interest for improving: intermediate and wants to improve writing.

Typical food: sushi

Currency: japanese yuan

Celebration and festivities: cherry tree festival

Favorite animal: japanese macaque

2: Write about someone from other country that you know. You can describe one of the children you have read previously in class. Write about:

Where is his/her country and how is it climate

What typical foods are there

What parties and celebrations are there and when are they

How are the typical clothes that people wear

Describe or make up his/ her likes and dislikes, hobbies...

PRESENTATIONAL MODE	OBJECTIVES	CAN DO STATEMENTS
		- I can ask questions about
We will continue working on cultural diversity and customs. I will present the children some chunk of language to work during some sessions. I	previous grammar lessons.	myself, related to muy culture

^{*} Remember to use the thirs person of singular!

provide them with practice enough to rehearse in order to expose them to the language and help them to internalize it. The first day I will provide them with the answers and make them to copy on their notebooks. They will have to match questions and answers. As homework they will prepare they own answer. The next session we will review, correct and give some feedback to the children that need it. Then we move on to work: to practice orally. First times they can use a paper with the questions and even take notes about other mates's answers. In – Out circle might be useful. Another interesting possibility to start with would be to give each children a specific question from the list and they move around the class asking - To review culture aspects. - To practice second language in a free-stress atmosphere in a engaged activity. - To build children's confidence when using second language. - To provide the children with real, correct language to practice with. To provide the children with real, correct language to practice with. To provide them to internalize it. - To review culture aspects. - To provide culture aspects. - To provide culture aspects. - To provide them with the answers and make them to copy stress atmosphere in a engaged activity. - To build children's confidence when using second language. - To provide the children with real, correct language to practice with.
classmates and answering other people's questions. Next practices I will ask the children to move around the class without namer, and to remember as many questions as possible. - To internalize second language. - To invest children in the use of target
paper, and to remember as many questions as possible How many questions can you remember?
- In internalize second language

GETTING READY FOR INTERPERSONAL MODE(Speaking) - CHART 1

- Where are you from?
- -Where do you live?
- In which continent is your country located? What's the capital of your country?
- Can you speak any language?
- Do you know someone from other country? Say his/ her name, country and continent.
- Are fish and chips tasty to you?
- From which country is hamburguer typical from?
- Have you ever travelled to other country? Which have you visited?
- What festivities are typical from your country? Explain one and when is it celebrated.
- Can you think about typical clothe from Spain that people wear? When? Explain it.
- Who was Abraham Lincon?
- What is one traditional food that everyone eats in Spain?
- What is one traditional food that everyone eats in USA?

- What's the currency in Great Britain?
- Who sets the table at your house in Christmas dinner?

INTERPERSONAL MODE	OBJECTIVES	CAN DO STATEMENTS
When the chunk of language, questions and answer	- To practice orally the new chunks of language.	- I can tell three typical food from Spain
will have been practiced enough, the children will do a test.	- To expose the children to real and correct language	that I like.
The day before the test we will do together a	in order to internalize it.	- I can say where hamburguer, fishe and
conceptual map to help them to sintezise the information and make them ready.	- To review culture aspects.	chipsand sushi are typical from.
	- To get to know different cultures and its ways of life	- I can tell the name of the foreign places
The day of the exam I will introduce a little secret change on questions and I will assess their answers	(currency, food, customs).	that I have visited and talk about their
while the rest of them do individual work,	- To know different countries and the continent in	countries and continents.
worksheet will be useful.	which they are located To show a possitive and	- I can tell the name of three people from
	respectful attitude towards cultural diversity and	other countries and talk a bit about them
	diferences between customs.	

FINAL INTERPERSONAL (Speaking) - CHART 2

OPTION 1:

Ask the pupils the same questions that have been practiced but with a little change.

What festivities are typical from your country? Explain one and when is it celebrated.

What festivities are typical from Siberia? Explain one and when is it celebrated.

In which continent is your country located? What's the capital of your country? In which continent is USA located? What's its capital? --- worked previously during posters elaboration.

OPTION 2:

Imagine you are a reporter and you write for the newspaper from the school. A new student from other country has just came last week. You have to make him/her an interview for the newspaper and know about him/her as much as as you can.

Here you have some possible questions, you should ask for more details:

Country: town, location, nationality...
Weather
Typical food and clothes
Festivities and celebrations
Likes and dislike

QUESTIONS TO ANSWER

1. What do you need to plan in advance to make this unit feasible?

From my point of view, I would establish firstly the objectives: which chunk of language do I want to teach, which vocabulary want my pupils to learn, which piece of grammar would be interesting or need to reinforce...

Once that I have decided this aspects, I would start working on proper materials to work with. That takes quite a certain time normally. Once that I have it, I will review the objectives if needed. I would check them again and see if the settled objectives keep on beeing feasible.

Then I will plan it, adjusting it to a specific time, taking into account assessment and possible revisions during the different lessons (learning process is a complex one).

Once again I will check all the objectives, if it is possible and feasible to reach the established aims.

2. What do you need to do to continue the process of learning methods for teaching for proficiency?

Obviously I would say that it would be very interesting to learn more about it, I think that I have learn very interesting activities and strategies during this curse to put into practice next course. But at the same time I think that we should be conscious about the amount of time that material elaboration and lesson planing require. For that reason I consider that all these new ideas should be put into practice little by little, in order to not to collapse our methodology and our proffesional live. It is much more feasible and sensitive to change things little by little.

Nevertheless learning for teachers is very important and should be something constantsource and it's plenty of great ideas and a huge amount of material to work with.

I think that we are too focus on accuracy, rather than fluency or proficiency and we should change that. We should change our vision and go further. As I said before, we can change many things little to little, adjusting anybody's ideas to our own practice. Being confortable and sure about with our

methodology is essential. And change is possible in stages; little investigations are possible too. From my point of view, normally we keep on doing the things that we know that work, but we always do the same. Maybe little changes and adjustments would prove too useful, that's should be done focusing in teaching for proficiency. We have to be brave and explore our childrens limits, ours and we will probably be surprised about we can reach.