

# FIRST CONDITIONAL

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UNIT 7



# First Conditional (positive sentences)

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- We use the first conditional to predict what will happen after a hypothetical action in the future. (Con el condicional predecimos las consecuencias futuras de acciones que suceden ahora)
- We use **IF + PRESENT SIMPLE** to describe the action, and the verb **WILL+INFINITIVE** to describe the result. (Una oración condicional incluye dos frases separadas por una coma. La frase con el verbo en presente describe la situación actual y la frase con el verbo en futuro –will– la consecuencia o resultado.
  - *If it **is** sunny, we **will go** to the park. (= Si llueve, iremos al parque)*
  - *If you **eat** a lot of chocolate, you **will have** a stomachache.*
  - *If your sister **studies** a lot, she **will get** excellent marks.*
  - *Your mom **will get** angry if you **break** the window.*

# First Conditional (negative sentences)

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- One or both of the verbs can be in the negative:
  - *If it **doesn't rain**, we **will play** outside today. (= Si no llueve, hoy jugaremos fuera)*
  - *If your brother **does** his homework fast, you **won't have** to help him.*
  - *If you **don't eat** fruit and vegetables, you **won't be** healthy.*
  - *We **will lose** the football game **if** we **don't train** a lot this week.*

# First Conditional (questions and short answers)

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- **Will** you **pass** your exams **if** you **don't study**? Yes, I will / No, I won't. (¿Aprobarás los exámenes si no estudias? Sí aprobaré / No aprobaré)
- **Will** you **go** to the beach **if** it's cloudy? Yes, I will / No, I won't.
- **Won't** you **eat** dinner **if** you're not hungry? Yes, I will / No, I won't.
- **Will** your grandma **visit** you if she **has** time this afternoon? Yes, she will/ No. She won't.